

You <u>Can</u> Make A Difference

University Students, Faculty, & Practitioners from the US & Abroad Provide Assistance Following the Elk River Spill

ANDREW J. WHELTON, PH.D.

DEPT. CIVIL ENGINEERING
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA, MOBILE, AL



7 Days After the Spill: We drove to West Virginia and Teamed with NGOs





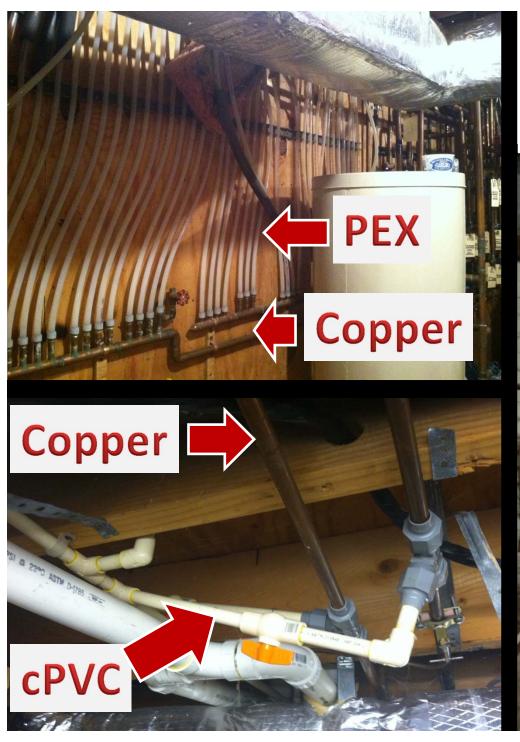
Rob Goodwin WV Clean Water Hub



Maya Nye PCACS

On the Ground... in Affected Homes

Resident interviews In-home testing Home flushing



Residential Plumbing Systems were Complex



OUR MODIFIED FLUSHING RECOMMENDATIONS

Shutoff hot water heater and allow to cool before flushing
Flush 1 room at a time
Use fans and open all windows to expel air
Flush, not once, but multiple times

WEST VIRGINIA WATER CRISIS http://westvirginiawatercrisis.wordpress.com Krista Bryson Krista Bryson

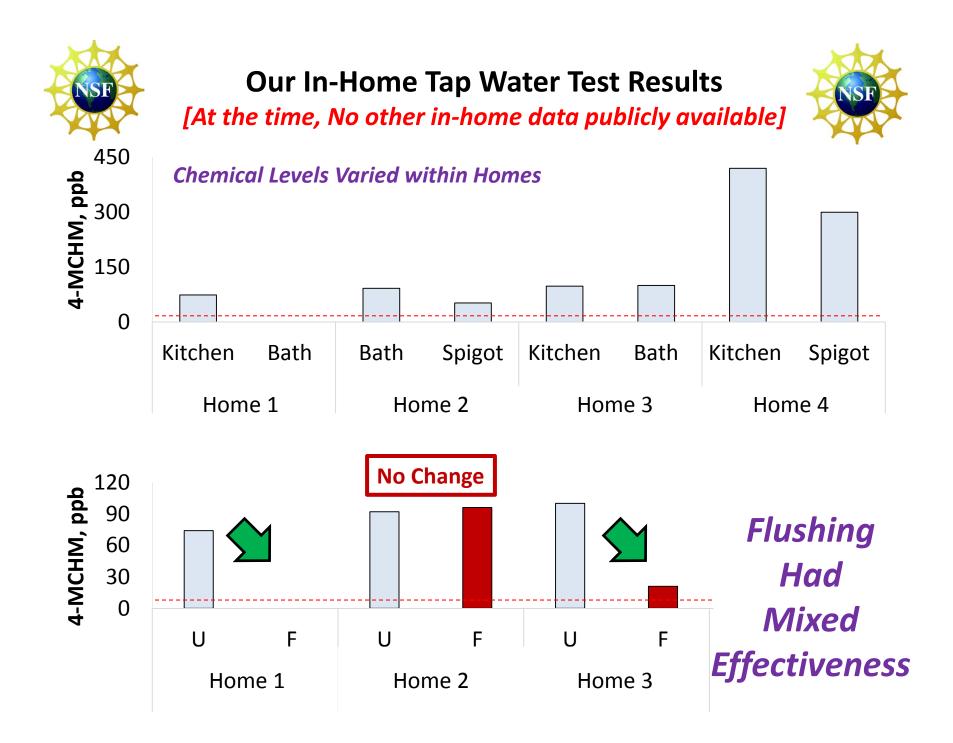
WEST VIRGINIA WATER CRISIS: EXCLUSIVE *CRUCIAL* INFORMATION
ABOUT FLUSHING



YOUR QUESTIONS ANSWERED: FLUSHING RECOMMENDATIONS, WATER AND WATER SYSTEMS SAFETY, AND HEALTH CONCERNS







31 Days after Spill: *An Emergency Authorization* by West Virginia Governor Tomblin and Bureau of Public Health



\$762,000

http://www.WVtapprogram.com

15+ <u>independent</u> experts from USA, Israel, and the UK

Environmental engineers, statistician, microbiologist, chemists, toxicologists, information systems/data manager, water utility representative, professors, commercial laboratories, environmental lawyer, drinking water odor, water treatment, and materials experts, plumbing system specialists

Designed approach to answer public questions

Evaluate the [health] safety factor for MCHM
Conduct in-home tap water testing pilot program
Determine the odor threshold for MCHM (and breakdown prod)

Health Effects Expert Panel Review of Drinking Water Screening Levels



Based on <u>very</u> limited toxicity data; no chronic studies

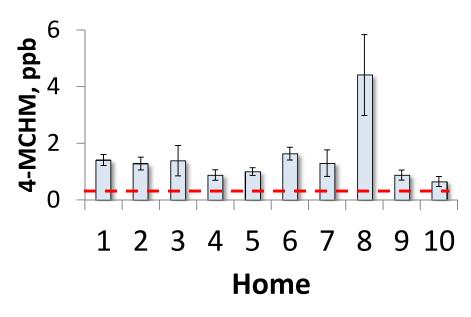
Compound	CDC	WV TAP WEST VIRGINIA TESTING ASSESSMENT PROJECT	
& Assumption	(January 2014)	(March 2014)	
4-MCHM	1,000	120	
PPH	1,200	850	
DiPPH	1,200	250	
Duration	14 days	28 days	
Most sensitive population	1 year old child	Formula fed infant	
Evenouro routos	Assumed ingestion	Ingestion,	
Exposure routes	most conservative	inhalation, dermal	

Odor, Breakdown Products, & The 10 Home Study

- ✓ Crude MCHM odor found at < 0.15 ppb
- ✓ Mystery GCMS chromatogram peaks
- ✓ All homes had 4-MCHM \leq 6.1 ppb
- ✓ Temp, Location = No difference
- ✓ Lab selected mattered
- ✓ Water plant filters still tainted2.5 months after spill







Final Report: Key Recommendations



In-Home Sampling Plan

Of >90,000 buildings.... 720 homes (0.82% of total) needed to be sampled

Statistically defensible

Recommendations

Additional in-home testing
State and local agencies must train

Research needed

- Chronic toxicity determination
- Upstream chemical threat inventory
- Plumbing system decon and flushing guidance
- And more...



WV TAP FINAL REPORT

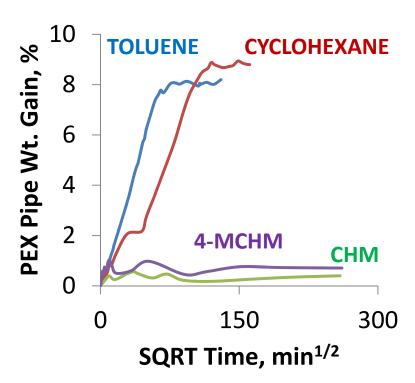
Jeffrey S. Rosen
Andrew J. Whelton
Michael J. McGuire
Jennifer L. Clancy
Timothy Bartrand
Andrew Eaton
Jacqueline Patterson
Michael Dourson
Patricia Nance
Craig Adams

CORONA ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING, LLC, 6 Old Country Way, Scituate, MA 02066

Today, We Can Report New Results



Some, but Limited, Plastic Pipe Permeation



Plumbing systems contain a host of other plastics: gaskets, pipes, coatings...

CRUDE MCHM More Toxic than Reported

Eastman D. magna Results

Document	EC ₅₀ , mg/L	NOEC, mg/L
2011 MSDS	98.1	40
2005 MSDS	98.1	40
1998 Tox report	98.1	50

South Alabama	~50	6.25
---------------	-----	------

How Much Faith Should We Put in Existing Toxicity Results?

CRUDE MCHM 48-hr D. Magna Acute Toxicity Test

The second of th					
Parameter	Eastman (1998)	Novy & Whelton (2014)			
Water Chemistry					
Water pH	7.90	7.80-8.00			
Alkalinity (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	89.8	89.8 ± 5			
Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	123	123 ± 5			
Method Description					
Species Tested	Daphnia magna	Same			
Replicates	2	Same			
Sample Size	20	Same			
Photo Period	16 hrs light/8 hrs dark	Same			
Length of Tox Test	48 hrs	Same			
Number of Tox Tests Performed	1	3			
Concentrations Tested*	100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25	Same			
Reported Results					
EC ₅₀ (mg/L)**	98.1	Approximately 50			
NOEC (mg/L)***	50 (1998), 40 (2005)	6.25			

How Can You Plan to Respond to a Similar Drinking Water Disaster?

- ✓ Conduct legitimate exercises with nearby water utilities
- ✓ Identify your hazards upstream and nearby
- ✓ Remain flexible, adapt to the situation and questions
- ✓ Immediately test in-home exposure locations
- ✓ Pilot flush buildings before directing others to do so
- ✓ Find or generate toxicity data, chemical properties
- ✓ Don't be afraid to ask non-Government experts

Andrew Whelton, Ph.D.

T: (540) 230-6069

Web Blog: http://www.southce.org/ajwhelton

You <u>Can</u> Make a Difference!

Univ. Science and Engineering Team:

LaKia McMillan, Matt Connell, Keven Kelley, Jeff Gill, Kevin White, Mahmoud Alklahout, Fredrick Avera, Caroline Novy, Rajarshi Dey, Coleman Miller, Maryam Salehi, Jose Cerrato



WV TAP Team:

Jeff Rosen, Ayhan Ergul, Jen Clancy, Mike McGuire, Andy Eaton, Chuck Neslund, Mike Dourson, Jacqueline Patterson, Mel Suffett, Tim Clancy, Craig Adams, Duane Luckenbill, Paul Painter, Tim Bartrand, Patricia Nance, and more.

Special thanks to ...

West Virginia homeowners Governor Tomblin and Staff Rob Goodwin WVCWH Maya Nye, PCACS Dr. Bill Cooper, NSF Local and National media

